

Modeling, Design, and Fabrication of an Array of Planar Electromagnets to Actuate Micro- rafts

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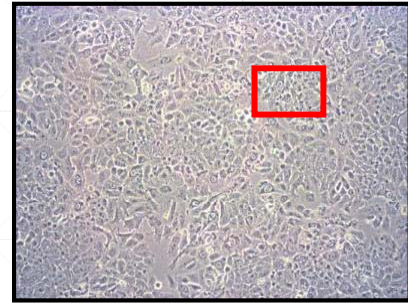


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MOTIVATION

Taking a small step towards:

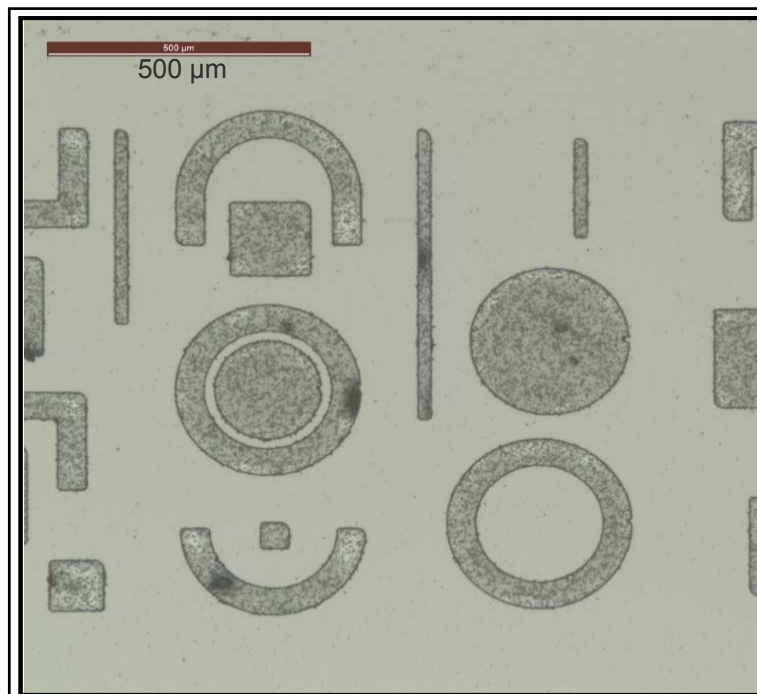
- Another way of cell isolation and sorting.
- Effective Cell Mechano-Biology experimentations.
- Cell surgery.



MCF-7 Cell Line

Image Taken from <https://www.mybiosource.com/images/tds/>

INTRODUCTION



Fabricated by Mr. Sudhanshu Shekhar, M2D2 Lab.

MICRO-RAFTS

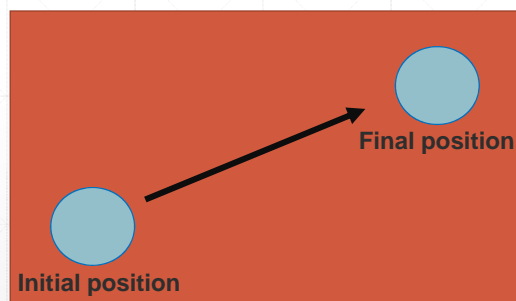
A microscopic image of fabricated Micro-Rafts

They are attached to the glass wafer

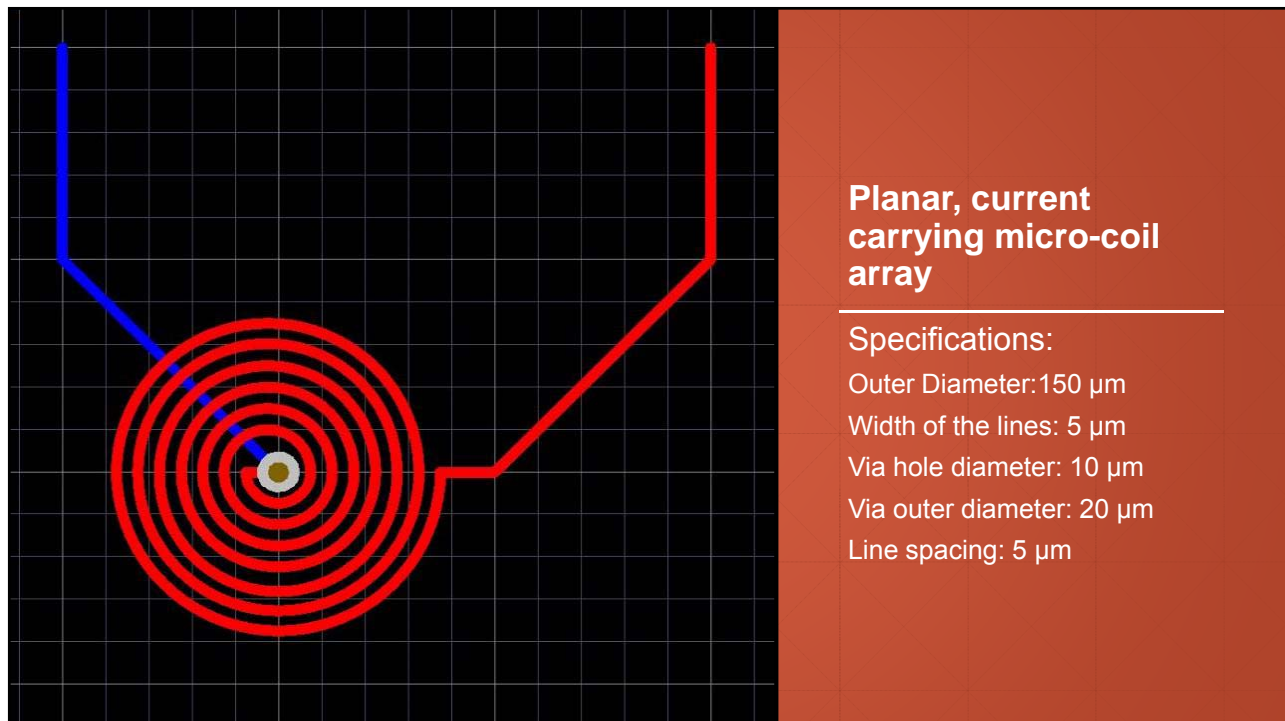
They are finally released when immersed in DI water

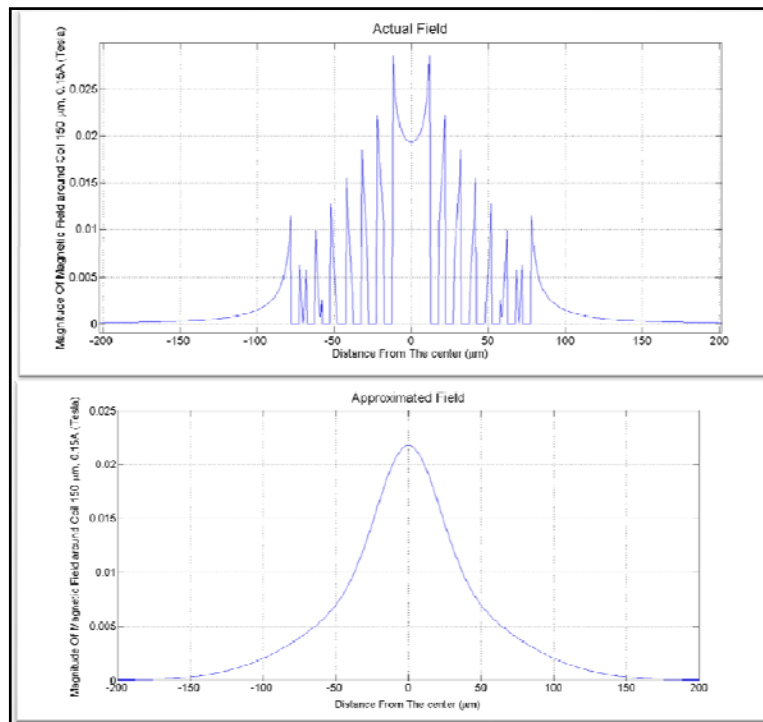
Objective

- To design a mechanism to guide/navigate these fabricated micro-rafts in a controlled and useful way.



METHOD





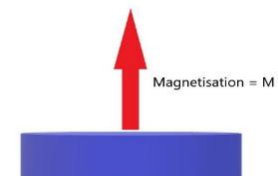
Magnetic Field Around The coil

Current Supplied: 0.15A

Magnetic Field at Center: 19.26 mT

Field drop to 1mT at: 108.6 μm

Forces acting on a “disk” shaped raft



Electromagnetic Force produced by the coil.

- $Magnetic\ Moment(\vec{m}) = \iiint M dx dy dz$
- $\vec{m} = M V_{iron\ content} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} B_r V_{iron\ content}$
- $\vec{F}_b = \nabla(\vec{m} \cdot \vec{B}(x, y, z)) = \nabla\left(\frac{B_r}{\mu_0} V_{iron\ content} \cdot \vec{B}\right)$

Drag Force resisting the electromagnetic force.

$$\vec{F}_d = C_d A \rho \frac{v^2}{2}$$

$$C_d = \frac{13.6}{Re}$$

$$Re = \frac{\rho v L}{\mu}$$



Now, L(Characteristic Length) is:

$$L = \frac{4 \times Area}{Perimeter} = \frac{4 \times Dt}{2 \times (D+t)} = \frac{2Dt}{D+t}$$

Hence, F_d can be written as,

$$\vec{F}_d = \frac{13.6 \times D \times t (\rho v^2)}{\frac{2 \times \rho v (2Dt)}{\mu (D+t)}} = 3.4 \mu (D+t) v$$

Solution,

$$m\ddot{x} + b\dot{x} = F(x)$$

- For "stick and slip" motion of the raft, It needs to be in the same plane as that of the coil. Hence, the magnetic moment and magnetic field is always taken in the same direction.

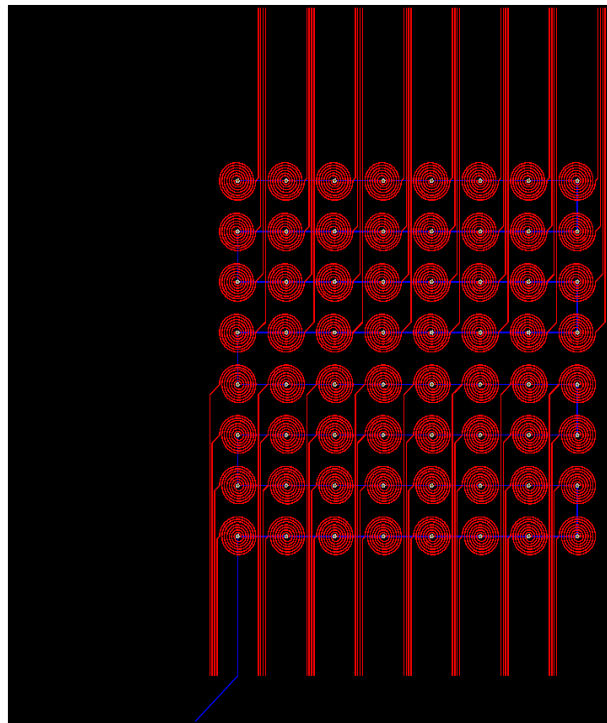
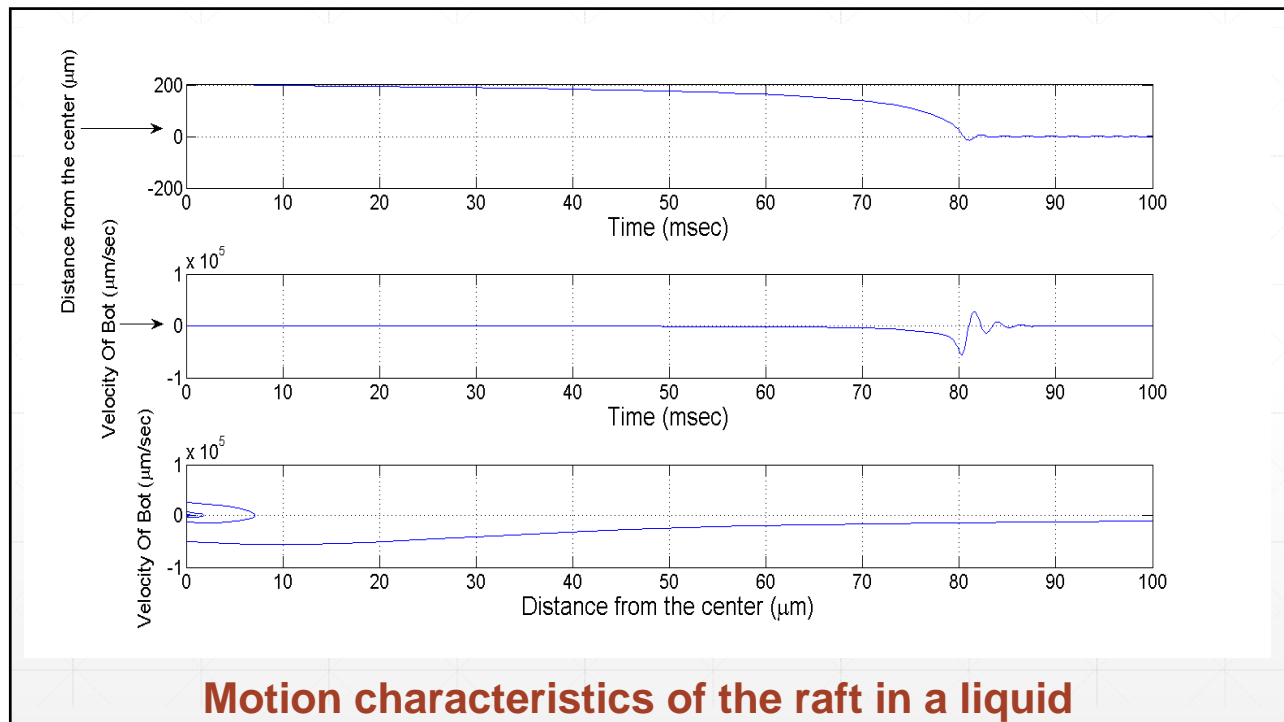
$$m\ddot{x} = \frac{B_z}{\mu_0} V_d (\nabla \vec{B}) - 3.4 \mu (D+t) v$$

- Putting in all the variables,

$$\text{Liquid taken is water } (\mu = 8.9 \times 10^{-4} Pa)$$

$$(8.4 \times 10^{-10}) \ddot{x} = (1.95 \times 10^{-10}) (\nabla \vec{B}) - (9.38 \times 10^{-7}) \dot{x}$$

$$\ddot{x} = (0.119 \times 10^{10}) \left((1.95 \times 10^{-10}) \frac{d}{dx} \left(a_1 e^{-\left(\frac{x-b_1}{c_1}\right)^2} + a_2 e^{-\left(\frac{x-b_2}{c_2}\right)^2} \right) - (9.38 \times 10^{-7}) \dot{x} \right)$$

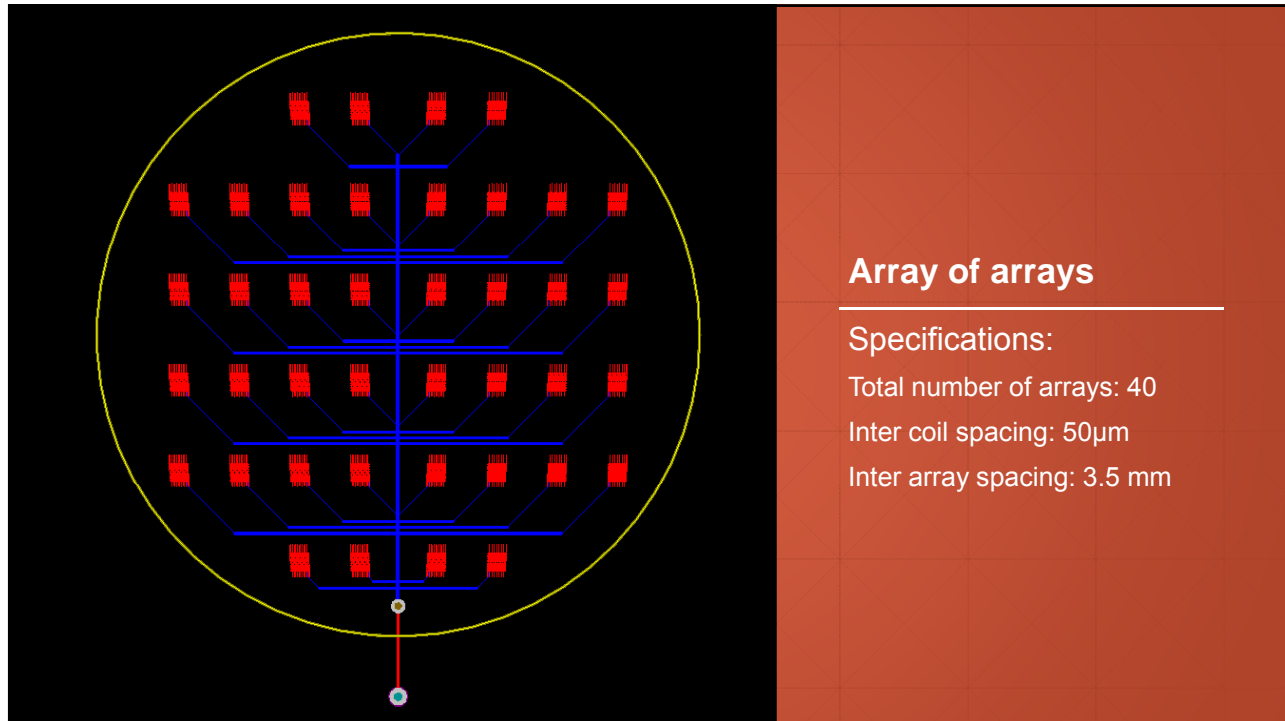


Micro-Coil array

Specifications:

Total number of coils: 64

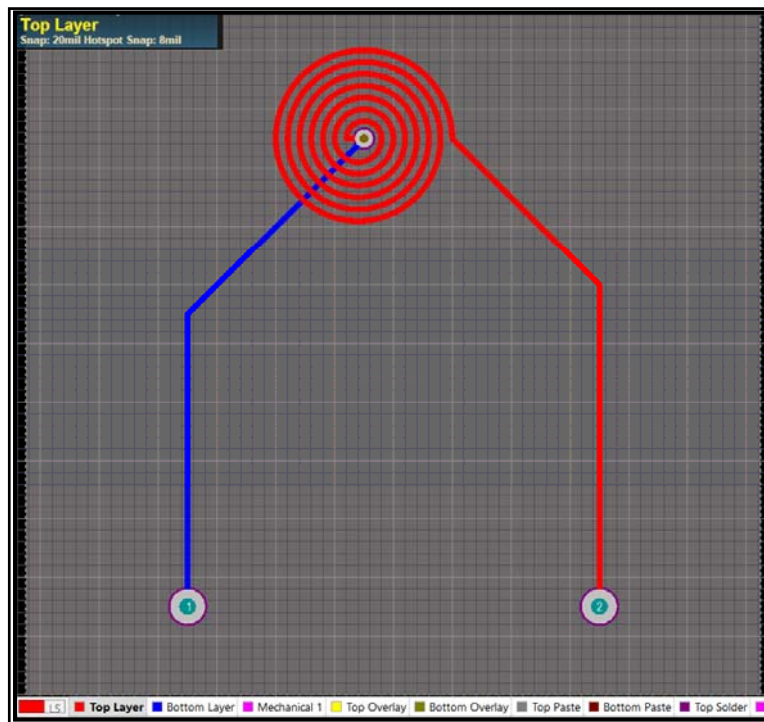
Inter coil spacing: 50 μm



Fabricating the prototype

WHY?

- To indirectly see if the micro-coil can handle the current required for producing 20 mT.
- To be sure that the rafts can be attracted to the micro-coils.
- To do some experimentations with the rafts.



PROTOTYPE-1 (Milli-Coil)

Specifications:

Outer Diameter: 300 mil

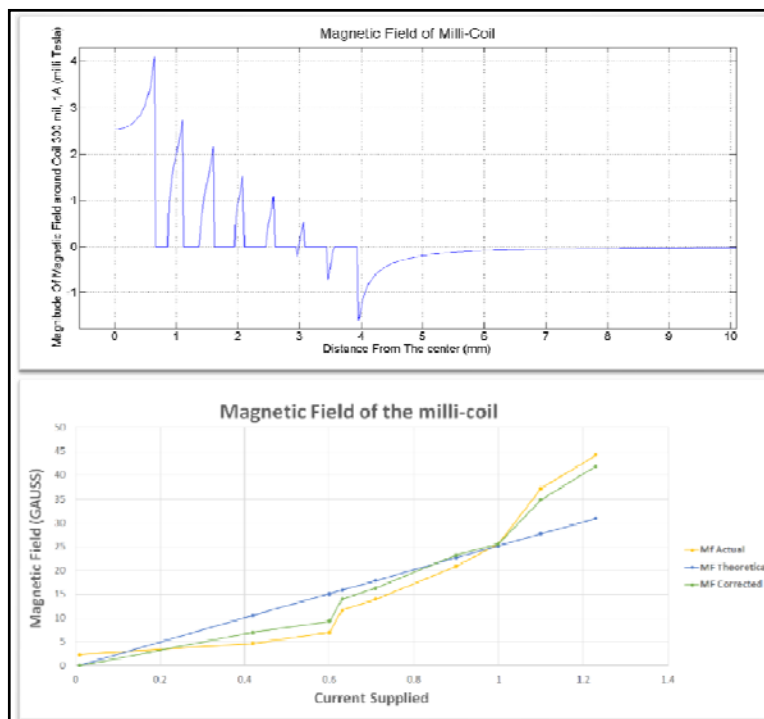
Number of turns: 7

Track Size: 10mils

Via hole size: 0.4 mm

Pad hole size: 0.75 mm

1 mil = 25.4 μ m

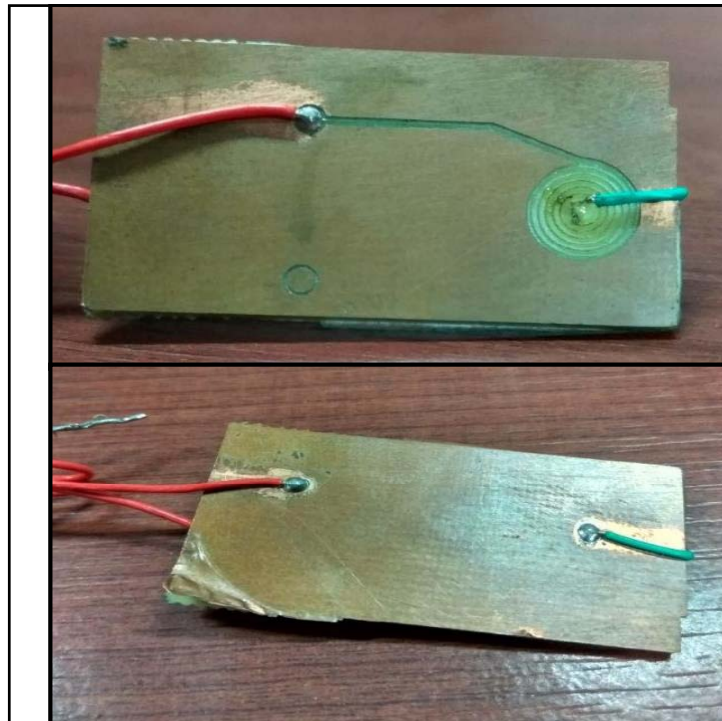


Magnetic Field Around The Milli-Coil

Current Supplied: 1A

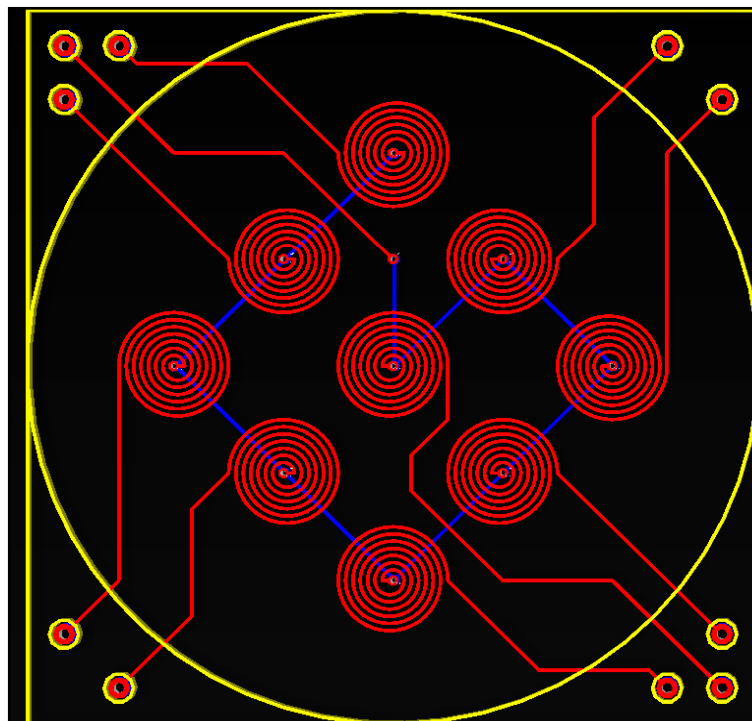
Magnetic Field at Center: 2.56 mT

Heat Loss of milli coil at 1A
=
Heat loss of micro-coil at
0.15A



FABRICATED PROTOTYPE-1

Fabricated in CENSE department



PROTOTYPE-2 (Array of Milli-Coils)

Specifications:

Inter coil spacing: 127 mils

Via hole size: 0.4 mm

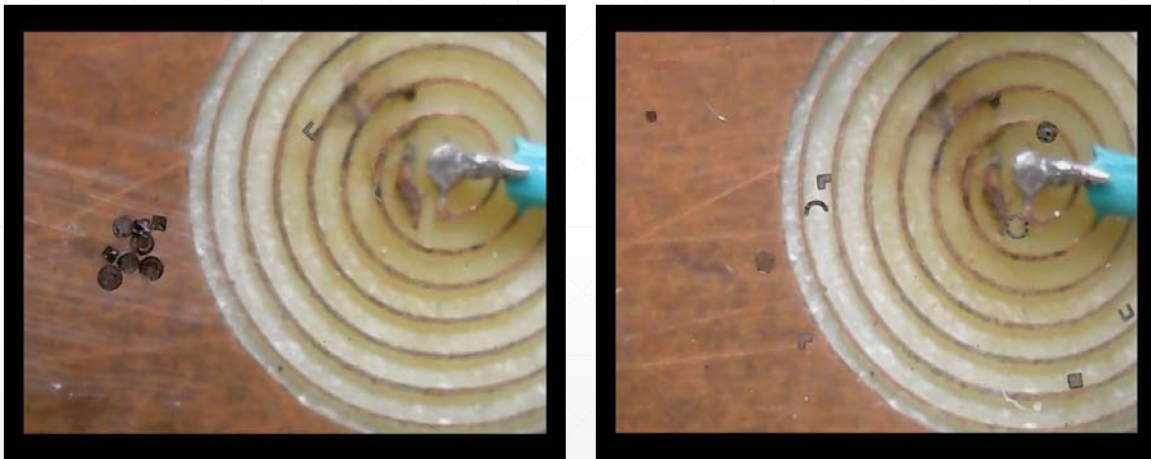
Via diameter: 0.8 mm

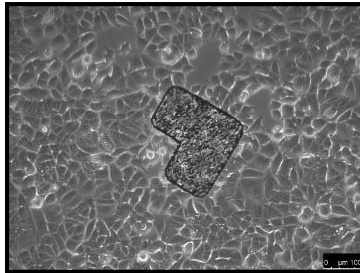
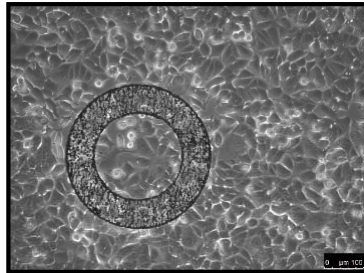
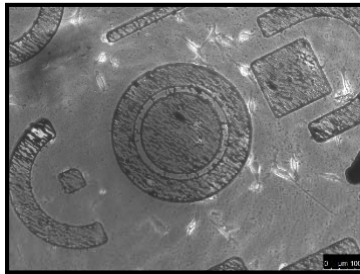
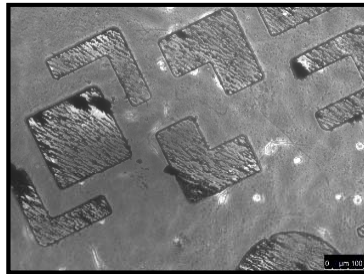
Pad hole size: 0.75 mm

Pad Size: 1.5 mm



Experiment on Prototype-1





Cell Culture on Micro-Rafts

Done under Bright-Field
Inverted microscope

Two of these images are taken from the work of Mr. Harsh Chhajer and Mr. Sudhanshu Shekhar

Results and Conclusions

Results,

- The prototype could easily handle the current of 1A. The maximum current that it can handle is 1.4A.
- The Micro-Rafts are easily attracted by the Milli-Coil which has a field of 2.56 mT.
- The Micro-Coil will be able to attract rafts in the range of 200 μm from its center.
- Cells attached to the rafts are not visible directly.

Conclusions,

- The micro-coil should be able to handle the current of 0.15A and produce the desired magnetic field.
 - If 2.56 mT can attract the rafts, 19.26 mT is more than enough.
 - The micro-coil array should properly be able to guide the rafts.
-

Summary and Future Work

To Summarize,

- The project was to provide a way to move cell carrying Micro-Rafts with precision.
- Provided a framework which can now be used to fabricate the micro-coil array.

In Future,

- Prototype-2 needs to be completed.
- Experimentations are needed to be done on Prototype-2.
- The imaging procedure needs to be done with an upright microscope to see the cells properly moving on the array.

Finally,

- Microfabrication procedure must be used to make the micro-coil array and achieve the goal.
-

Acknowledgements

This work would not have been possible without the huge guidance that I got from people around me during these two months.

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THANK YOU !